

MATH 3012 Quiz 1, September 18, 2014, WTT

1. Consider the 26-element set consisting of the capital letters of the English alphabet: $\{A, B, C, \dots, Z\}$.
 - a. How many strings of length 12 can be formed if repetition of symbols is permitted?
 - b. How many strings of length 12 can be formed if repetition of symbols is *not* permitted?
 - c. How many strings of length 12 can be formed using exactly four X 's, three Y 's and five Z 's?
 - d. How many strings of length 12 can be formed using exactly four X 's, three Y 's and five Z 's if the three Y 's are required to occur consecutively in the string?
2. How many lattice paths from $(0, 0)$ to $(24, 31)$ do *not* pass through $(15, 19)$?
3. How many integer valued solutions to the following equations and inequalities:
 - a. $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 42, \quad x_1, x_2, x_3 > 0.$
 - b. $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 42, \quad x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0.$
 - c. $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 < 42, \quad x_1, x_2, x_3 > 0.$
 - d. $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \leq 42, \quad x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0.$
 - e. $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 42, \quad x_1, x_3 > 0, x_2 \geq 7.$
 - f. $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 42, \quad x_1, x_3 > 0, 0 < x_2 \leq 6.$

7. Let t_n denote the number of ways to tile a $2 \times n$ checkerboard using tiles of the two shapes shown on the white board. One of the shapes is an “L” with a total area of 3. As illustrated, this shape can be used “forwards” and “backwards” but not upside down. The other shape is a 2×1 strip and it can be used vertically or horizontally. Note that $t_1 = 1$, $t_2 = 2$ and $t_3 = 3$. Develop a recurrence for t_n and use it to compute t_4 , t_5 and t_6 .

8. Find the coefficient of $x^4y^7z^{24}$ in $(6x - 5y + 8z^2)^{23}$

9. True–False. Mark in the left margin.

1. $P(7, 3) = 1024$.

2. $C(7, 3) = 35$.

3. If 57 pigeons are placed in 7 holes, then there is some hole with at least 9 pigeons.

4. If $f(n) = 865n + 90 \log n$, and $g(n) = 3n + 7$, then $f(n) = O(g(n))$.

5. If $f(n) = 865n + 90 \log n$, and $g(n) = 3n^2 + 7$, then $f(n) = o(g(n))$.

6. $\log n = o(\sqrt{n})$, $\sqrt{n} = o(n)$, $n = o(n^3)$, $n^3 = o(2^n)$, $2^n = o(2^{n^2})$ and $2^{n^2} = o(2^{2^n})$.

7. A recursive permutation tiles non-distinct pigeons with a certificate that can be enumerated but not verified.